



**ANIRIT VENTURES LIMITED**  
*(formerly Flora Textiles Limited)*

**CODE OF PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES FOR DISCLOSURES OF  
UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE INFORMATION (“UPSI”)**

[Under Regulation 8(1) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading)  
Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time]

## 1. PREAMBLE

This Code has been framed in pursuance to the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulation, 2015 as amended from time to time ("Regulations") and the purpose of this code is to ensure timely and adequate disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information.

## 2. CODE OF FAIR DISCLOSURE

Anirit Ventures Limited (formerly Flora Textiles Limited) ("AVL" or "Company") has formulated this Code called 'AVL's" Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosures of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' (the "Fair Disclosure Code") to ensure timely and adequate disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information which would impact the price of the Company's securities and to maintain the uniformity, transparency and fairness in dealing with all stakeholders and in ensuring adherence to applicable laws and regulations. Further, the Company endeavours to preserve the confidentiality of unpublished price sensitive information and to prevent misuse of such information.

## 3. DEFINITIONS

**"Board"** means the Board of Directors of the Company.

**"Chief Investor Relations Officer" or "CIRO"** means the Compliance Officer of the Company.

**"Company"** means 'Anirit Ventures Limited'.

**"Compliance Officer"** for the purpose of these regulations means the Company Secretary of the Company. In absence of the Company Secretary the Board of Directors may authorize such other officer of the Company to discharge the duties of Compliance Officer under the regulations.

**"Legitimate Purpose"** shall include sharing of unpublished price sensitive information in the ordinary course of business by an insider with partners, collaborators, lenders, customers, suppliers, merchant bankers, legal advisors, auditors, insolvency professionals or other advisors or consultants, provided that such sharing has not been carried out to evade or circumvent the prohibitions of these regulations.

**"Unpublished Price Sensitive Information" or "UPSI"** any information, relating to the Company or its securities, directly or indirectly, that is not generally available which upon becoming generally available, is likely to materially affect the price of the securities and shall, ordinarily including but not restricted to, information relating to the following:

- i. Financial results;
- ii. Dividends;
- iii. Change in capital structure;

- iv. mergers, de-mergers, acquisitions, delisting's, disposals and expansion of business, award or termination of order/contracts not in the normal course of business] and such other transactions;
- v. changes in key managerial personnel, other than due to superannuation or end of term, and resignation of a Statutory Auditor or Secretarial Auditor.
- vi. change in rating(s), other than ESG rating(s);
- vii. fund raising proposed to be undertaken;
- viii. agreements, by whatever name called, which may impact the management or control of the company;
- ix. fraud or defaults by the company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, promoter or director of the company, whether occurred within India or abroad;
- x. resolution plan/ restructuring or one-time settlement in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions;
- xi. admission of winding-up petition filed by any party /creditors and admission of application by the Tribunal filed by the corporate applicant or financial creditors for initiation of corporate insolvency resolution process against the company as a corporate debtor, approval of resolution plan or rejection thereof under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016;
- xii. initiation of forensic audit, by whatever name called, by the company or any other entity for detecting mis-statement in financials, misappropriation/ siphoning or diversion of funds and receipt of final forensic audit report;
- xiii. action(s) initiated or orders passed within India or abroad, by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the company or its directors, key managerial personnel, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the company;
- xiv. outcome of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) which may have an impact on the company;
- xv. giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever named called, for any third party, by the company not in the normal course of business;
- xvi. granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.

Words not defined in this Fair Disclosure Code shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Regulations.

#### **4. PRINCIPLES OF FAIR DISCLOSURE**

- I. The Company will make prompt public disclosure of UPSI that would impact price discovery no sooner than credible and concrete information comes into being in order to make such information generally available.
- II. The Company will make, uniform and universal dissemination of UPSI to avoid selective disclosure.

- III. The Compliance Officer of the Company shall act as the Chief Investor Relations Officer ("CIRO") to deal with dissemination of information and disclosure of UPSI.
- IV. The Company will make prompt dissemination of UPSI that gets disclosed selectively, inadvertently or otherwise to make such information generally available.
- V. The Company will provide appropriate and fair response to queries on news reports and requests for verification of market rumours by regulatory authorities.
- VI. The Company will ensure that information, if shared, with analysts and research personnel are not UPSI.
- VII. The Company will develop best practices to make transcripts or records of proceedings of meetings with analysts and other investor relations conferences on the official website to ensure official confirmation and documentation of disclosures made.
- VIII. The Company will handle all UPSI on a need-to-know basis.

#### **5. SHARING OF UPSI FOR LEGITIMATE PURPOSE**

The UPSI shall be shared by any person(s) authorized by the Board of Directors or CIRO of the Company in this behalf, only in furtherance of legitimate purpose(s) on need-to-know basis, which shall include the following;

- (i) Sharing of UPSI in the ordinary course of business by any Insider, Employee, Designated Person or by any authorized person with existing or proposed partners, collaborators, lenders, customers, suppliers, merchant bankers, legal advisors, auditors, insolvency professionals or other advisors or consultants.
- (ii) The information shall be shared with any person on 'need to know' basis.
- (iii) Sharing of UPSI where such communication is in furtherance of performance of duty (ies) and in discharge of legal obligation(s);

Provided that such sharing should not be carried out to evade or circumvent the prohibitions of the SEBI Insider Trading Regulations.

#### **6. ISSUE OF NOTICE TO THE RECIPIENTS OF UPSI**

Any person in receipt of unpublished price sensitive information pursuant to a "legitimate purpose" shall be considered an "insider" for purposes of this Code and due notice shall be given to such persons;

- (i) To make such person aware that the information shared is or would be UPSI.

- (ii) To make such person aware of the duties and responsibilities attached to the receipt of such UPSI and the liability attached to misuse or unwarranted use of such UPSI.
- (iii) To instruct such person to maintain confidentiality of such UPSI in compliance with these regulations.

#### **7. MAINTENANCE OF STRUCTURED DIGITAL DATABASE**

A structured digital database shall be maintained containing the names of such persons or entities as the case may be with whom information/ UPSI is shared under this Code or the Regulations along with the Permanent Account Number or any other identifier authorized by law where Permanent Account Number is not available. Such databases shall be maintained internally with adequate internal controls and checks such as time stamping and audit trails to ensure non-tampering of the database. The database shall be maintained with utmost confidentiality and the access to such database shall be restricted only for the purposes of implementing fair practices under this Code.

#### **8. AMENDMENT**

The Board shall have the power to amend any of the provisions of the Fair Disclosure Code, substitute any of the provisions with a new provision or replace this Fair Disclosure Code entirely with a new Fair Disclosure Code.

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